

Table 2a

Tertiary Tree of Primitive Pythagorean Triples																																												
Trunk								A ÷ 7	1st Tertiary Branch								A ÷ 7	2nd Tertiary Branches								A ÷ 7	3rd Tertiary Branches								A ÷ 7									
PPT	r	s	t	A	4A	8A	f		PPT	r	s	t	A	4A	8A	f		PPT	r	s	t	A	4A	8A	f		PPT	r	s	t	A	4A	8A	f										
3-4-5	2	1	2	6	24	48	1	7	5-12-13	4	1	8	30	120	240	7	7	7-24-25	6	1	18	84	336	672	17	✓	9-40-41	8	1	32	180	720	1440	31	✓									
																		88-105-137	56	32	49	4620	18480	36960	17	✓	60-91-109	42	18	49	2730	10920	21840	31	✓									
																		48-55-73	30	18	25	1320	5280	10560	7	✓	105-208-233	80	25	128	10920	43680	87360	103	✓	297-304-425	176	121	128	45144	180576	361152	7	✓
																		28-45-53	20	8	25	630	2520	5040	17	✓	84-187-205	66	18	121	7,854	31,416	62,832	103	✓	95-168-193	70	25	98	7980	31920	63840	73	✓
																		20-21-29	12	8	9	210	840	1680	1	✓	39-80-89	30	9	50	1560	6240	12480	41	✓	207-224-305	126	81	98	23184	92736	185472	17	✓
																		119-120-169	70	49	50	7140	28560	57120	1	✓	57-176-185	48	9	128	5016	20,064	40,128	119	✓	44-117-125	36	8	81	2574	10296	20592	73	✓
																		36-77-85	28	8	49	1386	5544	11088	41	✓	336-377-505	208	128	169	63,336	253,344	506,688	41	✓	180-299-349	130	50	169	26,910	107,640	215,280	119	✓
																		8-15-17	6	2	9	60	240	480	7	✓	119-120-169	70	49	50	7140	28560	57120	1	✓	217-456-505	168	49	288	49,476	197,904	395,808	239	✓
																		65-72-97	40	25	32	2340	9360	18720	7	✓	336-377-505	208	128	169	63,336	253,344	506,688	41	✓	696-697-985	408	288	289	242556	970224	1940448	1	✓
																		12-35-37	10	2	25	210	840	1680	23	✓	52-165-173	44	8	121	4,290	17,160	34,320	113	✓	220-459-509	170	50	289	50,490	201,960	403,920	239	✓
									16-63-65	14	2	49	504	2,016	4,032	47	✓	51-140-149	42	9	98	3,570	14,280	28,560	89	✓	175-288-337	126	49	162	25,200	100,800	201,600	113	✓									
																		33-56-65	24	9	32	924	3696	7392	23	✓	319-360-481	198	121	162	57,420	229,680	459,360	41	✓									
																		120-209-241	88	32	121	12,540	50,160	100,320	89	✓	52-165-173	44	8	121	4,290	17,160	34,320	113	✓									
																		115-252-277	90	25	162	14,490	57,960	115,920	137	✓	51-140-149	42	9	98	3,570	14,280	28,560	89	✓									
																		65-72-97	40	25	32	2340	9360	18720	7	✓	396-403-565	234	162	169	79,794	319,176	638,352	7	✓									
																		12-35-37	10	2	25	210	840	1680	23	✓	136-273-305	104	32	169	18,564	74,256	148,512	137	✓									
																		8-15-17	6	2	9	60	240	480	7	✓	85-132-157	60	25	72	5,610	22,440	44,880	47	✓									
																		12-35-37	10	2	25	210	840	1680	23	✓	133-156-205	84	49	72	8,814	35,256	70,512	23	✓									
																		16-63-65	14	2	49	504	2,016	4,032	47	✓	16-63-65	14	2	49	504	2,016	4,032	47	✓									

Table 2a

Key: PPT=Primitive Pythagorean Triple; r =even # such that $r^2/2=st$ where s,t are Factor Pairs; A=Area; 4A=4Area; 8A=8Area; $f=b-a$ & $f^2=(b-a)^2$, as $a^2 + b^2 = c^2 = 4A + f^2 = (8A + f^2) - 4A$

The Tree of Pythagorean Triples branches from the **3-4-5 PPT** trunk first into a 3-part main branch, each of which further branches into 2nd, 3rd, 4th, ..., tertiary branches. Each tertiary follows the lead f -value of its predecessor, but is actually formed as an intermediary to the upper and lower branches of which it is a part. All PPTs — with no repeats — are to be found. **Pythagoras** first discovered the UPPER branch sequence, **Plato** (a century later) discovered the LOWER branch sequence. The MIDDLE branch sequence follows as an intermediary, hybrid sequence of the UPPER and LOWER.

Using the *Expanded Dickson Method* on the **BBS-ISL Matrix**, every PPT branch is accounted for by the previous branch. This is done by enlisting the $r,s,t,A,4A,8A,f$ associated values. All these values are derived directly from the respective PPT by both algebra and geometry. In **Table 2a** we looked at the overall. In **Table 2b**, we examine how the UPPER and LOWER branches (blue) are made from the trunk (red). In **Table 2c**, we see how the MIDDLE branch (red) is formed from the UPPER and LOWER (blue) branches and the trunk (red). As a fractal, this **Number Pattern Sequence** that defines the first branchings, continues through the entire tree. **Table 2d** shows BLUE branching to 2nd Tertiary Branches. **Table 2e** reveals the power of f . **Table 2f** tells all.

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